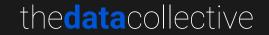
# Demystifying Data-Driven Fundraising

FIA Tasmania Forum 2023



# **Measuring Success**

FIA Tasmania Forum 2023



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# If you can't measure it, you can't manage it.

Peter Drucker (maybe)

# lf you <del>can't</del> measure it, you can't manage it. *Won't Dan Wilson (adapted from Peter Drucker; maybe)*

















# Success in fundraising





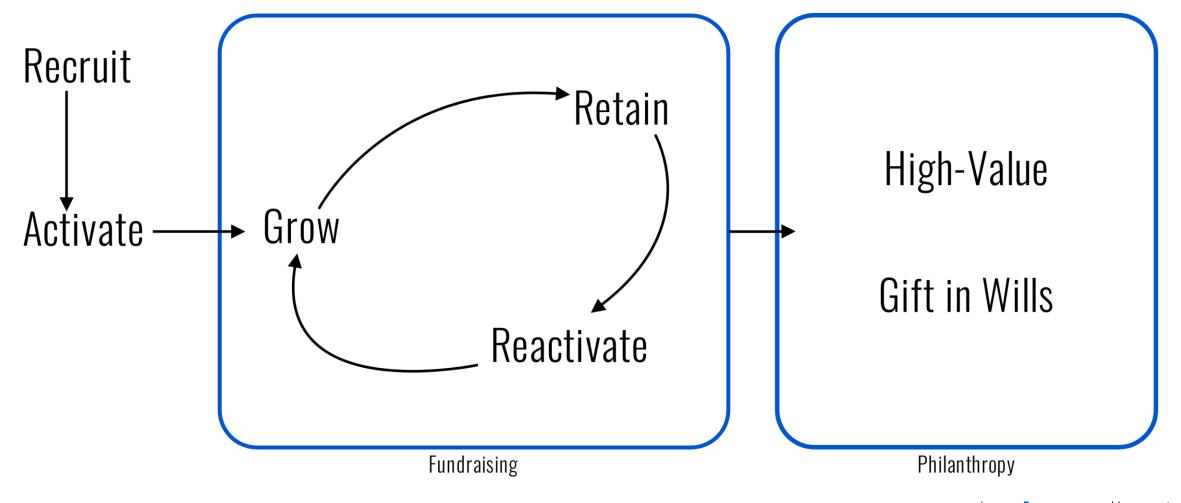




For you?



### **Donor Lifecycle**



# **Recruitment Volumes**

Provides an early indicator of growth or revitalisation.

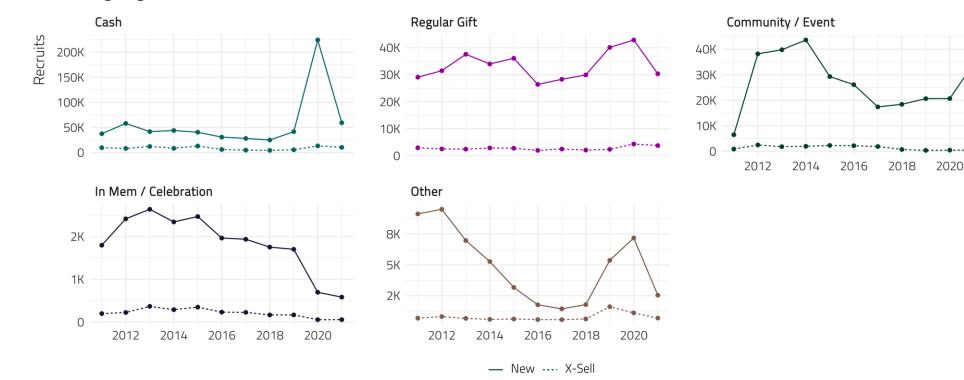
We know supporters will lapse, this figure on a monthly or quarterly basis helps provide confidence that our efforts to find new donors is working or not.

When combined with our gross acquisition spend we can determine our cost per acquisition.



#### Individual Giving Recruitment

Individual giving recruits accounted for **127.5K** donors in 2021



Individual giving recruits only



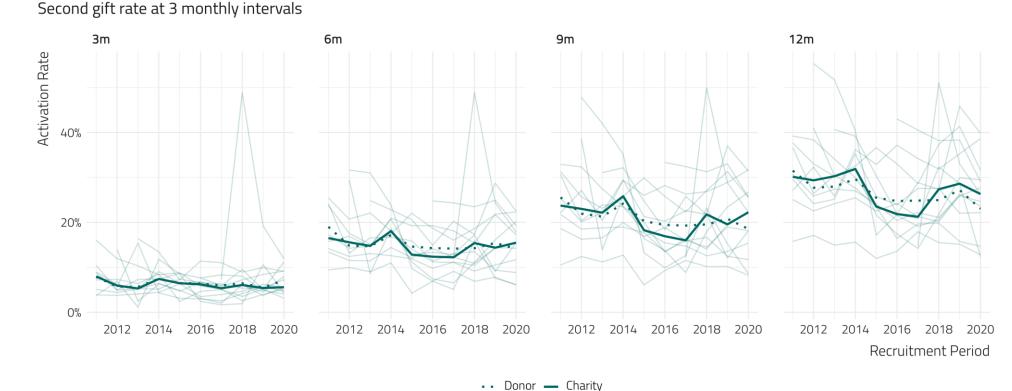
## **Activation Rates**

Identifies the rate at which we activate good quality donors.

We focus on 12m as this allows donors that give at a particular time of the year (e.g. Tax) to repeat that behaviour.

The sooner donors activate, the more likely they are to give again after activating.

#### **Cash Donor Activation**





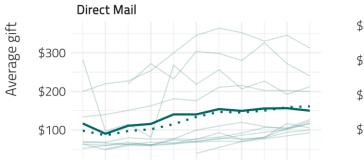
Minimum of 100 recruits per year

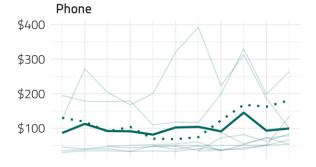
## Growth

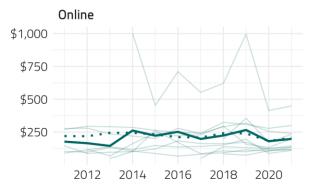
Average gift is useful to understand supporter value.

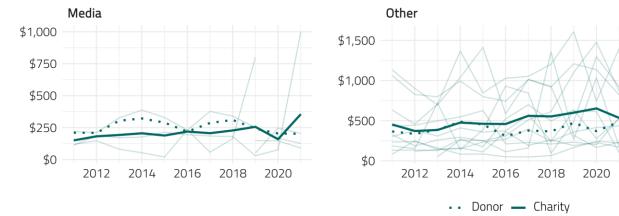
An increasing average gift indicates that each donor is increasing in value, or that your working well to keep donors of a higher value.

#### Average Cash gift









FUNDRAISING INSIGHTS

Excludes Emergency gifts and gifts over \$25,000



The value change is an alternate way to understand whether donors are genuinely increasing in value.

It compares the next years giving value to the value of their first donation.

It allows for growth detection from increased giving cadence or value.

#### Active Cash Donor Value Change

Downgrade

Maintain

Upgrade



A donor's value change is relative to their recruitment gift. Only active (retained) donors included here. Downgrade: Donor's annual total income is less than their recruitment gift. Maintain: Donor's annual total income is equal to their recruitment gift. Upgrade: Donor's annual total income is greater than their recruitment gift.

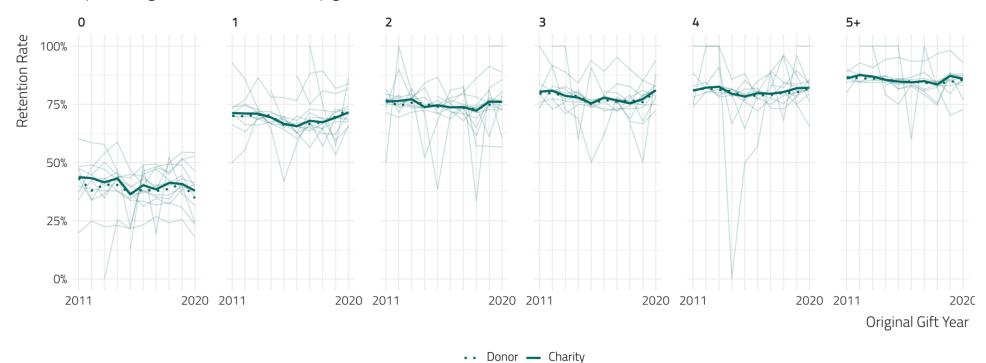
### Retention

Retention rates should look at the proportion of donors in a period (e.g. year) who make another gift within 13 months.

It's often measured as a single figure for the period, but can be particularly useful to look at consecutive years of giving.

#### Annual Donor Retention - by Prior Giving Years

How many donors go on to make a follow-up gift within 13 months?





Each donors first gift in a given year is taken as a base, and a donor is determined to be retained if they give a follow-up gift within 13 months.

### Reactivation

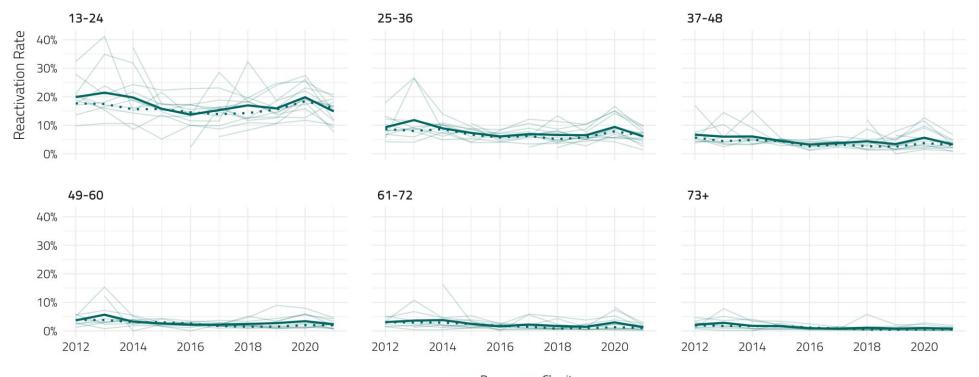
This looks at the proportion of donors at a giving recency who make a donation in the year.

The more lapsed a person is the less likely they are to respond. This can further broken down by value, years of giving, number of gifts given etc. This helps identify good prospects to try to reactivate in campaigns.



#### **Cash Donor Reactivation**

How does **recency** (12 month bandings) influence reactivation?



•• Donor — Charity

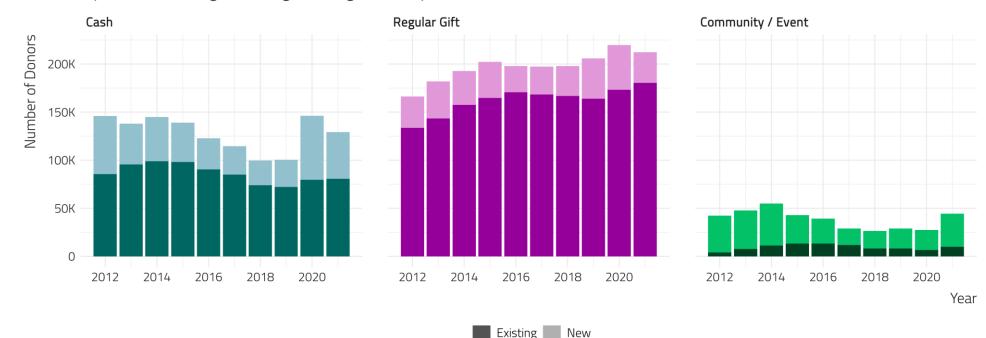
### **Active Volumes**

The number of donors making gifts in a given period.

This gives very clear picture of whether the donor base is genuinely growing and you're recruiting more donors than you're losing.

#### **Active Donor Volumes**

How many Cash and/or Regular Giving donors gave each year?





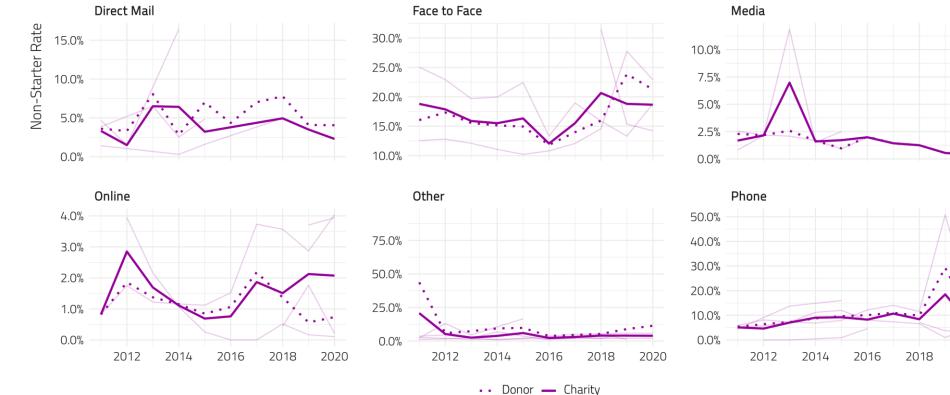
A new donor is defined here as a donor whose first gift (of any type) is in the given year. **Note**: Values are not cumulative, as some donors will have donated via both cash and regular giving. Excludes **Emergency** donors Definitions: Existing - Donors who have made this gift type in the past (could be reactivations); New - Donors making their first ever gift of this type

# **Regular Giving Non-Starter Rates**

This is the proportion of donors who commit to a regular gift but never make a payment.

Most important if you're investing in Face to Face, Lead Conversion or 2-Step acquisition.

#### Regular Giving Non-Starter Rate by Channel





The non-starter rate is the proportion of RG sign-ups that do not go on to make a gift.

the**data**collective

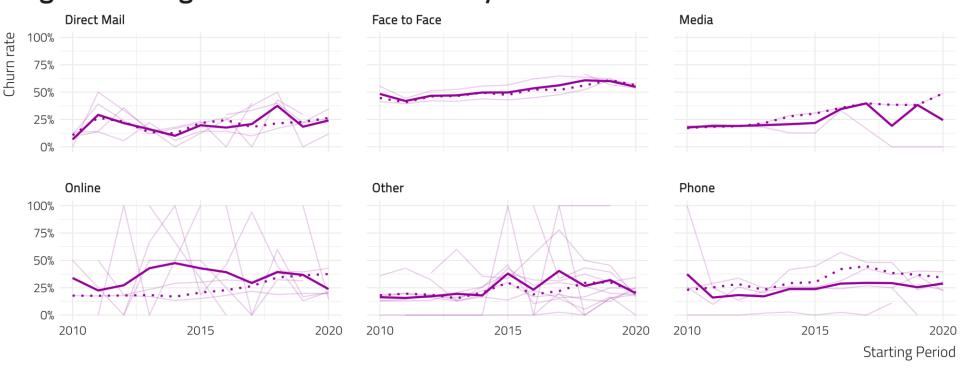
2020

# **Regular Giving Churn**

This is the proportion of donors who have cancelled their giving within the first 12 months of support.

Donors that make it past 12m remain less likely to churn, more likely to upgrade, and more likely to reactivate if they do churn.

Breakdowns by channel, age range, and time to activate provide additional insight.



- Donor — Charity

#### Regular Giving Churn for First Year by Channel

**FUNDRAISING** INSIGHTS

Base for each churn rate is the set of RG recruits (at least one gift) in the given Starting Period. An RG donor (monthly only) is defined as having churned when a period of 100 days with no giving occurs.

# **Bonus: Gift in Will Stagnation**

This reflects the amount of time that a donor has maintained this status.

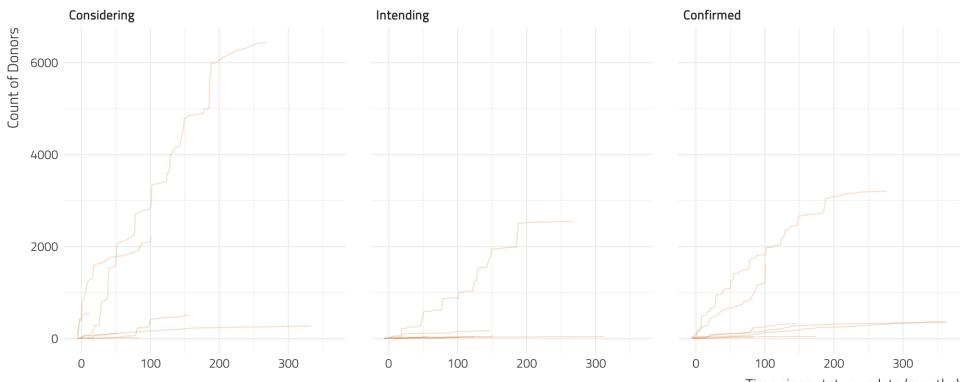
It is particularly helpful in providing understanding about how active our gift in wills programs are.

It also allows us to determine a timeframe to revisit or reclassify our non confirmed pipeline.



#### Gift in Will Stagnation

When was the last time that the donor's gift in will status was verified?



Time since status update (months)

## **Campaign Outcomes**

Wave	Contacted Volume	Response	Cost	Response Rate	Average Gift	Gross Income	Net Income	ROI
EDM	18,427	200	\$368	1.09%	\$108	\$21 <i>,</i> 596	\$21,228	58.62
W1	6,753	1,217	\$22 <b>,</b> 420	18.02%	\$101	\$122,764	\$100,344	5.48
W2	5,286	872	\$12,168	16.50%	\$100	\$86,905	\$74,737	7.14
TOTAL	30,466	2,289	\$34,956	7.51%	\$101	\$231,264	\$196,308	6.62



### **Campaign Outcomes (continued)**

Micro Segment	Recency	Frequency	Value	Contacted Volume	Response	Cost	Response Rate	Average Gift	Gross Income	Net Income	ROI
F001	0-12	2 Multi	\$1,000+	66	17	\$468	25.76%	\$1,215	\$20,654	\$20,186	44.10
F002	0-12	2 Single	\$1,000+	4	1	\$30	25.00%	\$2,000	\$2,000	\$1,970	67.24
F003	0-12	2 Multi	\$500-\$999	110	20	\$782	18.18%	\$559	\$11,170	\$10,388	14.28
F004	0-12	2 Single	\$500-\$999	13	1	\$97	7.69%	\$400	\$400	\$303	4.14
F005	0-12	2 Multi	\$250-\$499	246	60	\$1,559	24.39%	\$229	\$13,750	\$12,191	8.82
F006	0-12	2 Single	\$250-\$499	41	3	\$305	7.32%	\$367	\$1,100	\$795	3.61
F007	0-12	2 Multi	\$100-\$249	1,063	251	\$3,347	23.61%	\$106	\$26,519	\$23,173	7.92
F008	0-12	2 Single	\$100-\$249	222	16	\$652	7.21%	\$143	\$2,295	\$1,643	3.52
F009	0-12	2 Multi	\$50-\$99	1,053	287	\$3,092	27.26%	\$54	\$15,530	\$12,438	5.02
F010	0-12	2 Single	\$50-\$99	279	36	\$819	12.90%	\$70	\$2,505	\$1,686	3.06
F011	0-12	2 Multi	\$25-\$49	687	175	\$2,026	25.47%	\$29	\$5,153	\$3,127	2.54
F012	0-12	2 Single	\$25-\$49	207	23	\$608	11.11%	\$37	\$855	\$247	1.41
F013	0-12	2 Multi	\$10-\$24	360	122	\$1,057	33.89%	\$15	\$1,804	\$746	1.71
F014	0-12	2 Single	\$10-\$24	92	6	\$270	6.52%	\$28	\$170	(\$100)	0.63
F015	0-12	2 Multi	\$<10	38	12	\$112	31.58%	\$6	\$72	(\$40)	0.65
F016	0-12	2 Single	\$<10	21	3	\$62	14.29%	\$5	\$15	(\$47)	0.24
TOTAL				4,502	1,033	\$15,286	22.95%	\$101	\$103,992	\$88 <i>,</i> 706	6.80

### Ask Performance

Wave	< Ask1	Ask Base	Ask1	Ask2	Ask3	Own Choice	> Ask3
EDM	32.5%	5 2.0%	21.0%	9.5%	8.0%	17.0%	10.0%
W1	24.6%	<b>2.5</b> %	57.0%	5.7%	4.0%	4.4%	1.8%
W2	26.4%	5 1.5%	58.7%	4.8%	4.4%	3.2%	1.0%
Total	26.0%	<b>2.1%</b>	54.5%	5.7%	4.5%	5.0%	2.2%

Wave	Downgraded Ma	aintained Up	graded
EDM	26.3%	24.4%	49.4%
W1	12.5%	53.7%	33.9%
W2	16.7%	54.0%	29.2%
Total	15.1%	51.8%	33.1%

# **Top 5 Things to Measure**

#### Long Term

- Recruitment volumes
- Activation / Non-Starter Rates
- Retention rates
- Reactivation Rates
- Active Donor Volumes

#### Short Term

- Response Rates (break it down)
- Average Gift (track it across appeals)
- ROI (are you spending too much?)
- Net Income (this is where the impact is)
- Upgrade rates
  - % of people giving more than their previous gift

# But how?



# Accurate data capture

# **Classify things** S T

V 3713 BULNER NUMBER SEAR

# Conventions

,52

55

53

# Add new information



# Dates



## But how?

- Accurate collection and recording of data
- Helpful classification of information
- Useful conventions
- Create new records, don't overwrite old information
  - Particularly for bequests



# **More Information**

- thedatacollective.com.au | bit.ly/tdc\_li
- fundraisinginsights.com.au | bit.ly/fri\_li
  - in linkedin.com/in/danwwilson/



dan@thedatacollective.com.au





Dan Wilson Director +61 428 025 457 | dan@thedatacollective.com.au

